Schools have been organized for the Moros, but they have not taken very kindly to the practices of the public schools. The reason has been that in the schools the Moro children have learned methods incompatible with Mohammedan customs. However, Moro children have been educated in the schools and have even been graduated from the higher courses. One most excellent school is the Indanan Farm School in the heart of the Island of Jolo, founded by an estimable American lady, Mrs. Lorillard Spencer, who largely maintains the school at her own expense. Mrs. Spencer spends much of her time at the school and her sacrificing labors have won for her the affection and respect of the Moros.

Moro convicts are mostly confined in San Ramon Prison and Penal Farm. This is not a prison in the true sense of the word, but is a beautiful farm by the sea situated near Zamboanga. The worst of Moro bandits have had to be confined in Bilibid Prison, and quite a number have been hanged or electrocuted.

The effort of the Government during the last few years has been to improve the relations between the Moros and the Filipinos. Filipino officials have been sent to Moroland and most of them have given good accounts of themselves. Occasionally a Filipino teacher or Constabulary officer has grossly offended the Moros, but these fortunately have been the exceptions and not the rule. In such cases the Moros have an effective way of retaliating, but with bloodshed at the end of the trail. Filipino settlers have been encouraged to migrate to Mindanao and there to develop the land. Most of these immigrants have been permitted to live peaceably, but once in a while they have been attacked by the Moros

in the neighborhood who have resented their intrusion on the land.

The Moro problem will remain a problem for the Philippine Commonwealth and the Philippine Republic for a long time to come.